

2024-01 EC-4823



High Performance Electric Actuator for Stock Valve

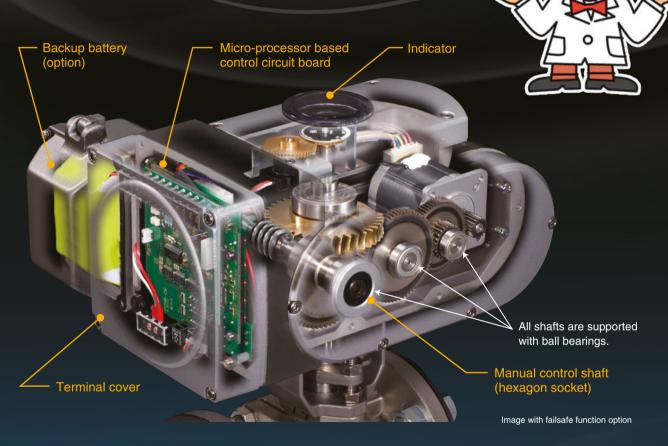
PRP Series





MG CO., LTD. (formerly M-System Co., Ltd.) www.mgco.jp

Actuator Mechanism Ensuring High Precision Control of Stock Valves



Rotary Motion Electric Actuator PRP Series

Maximum torque

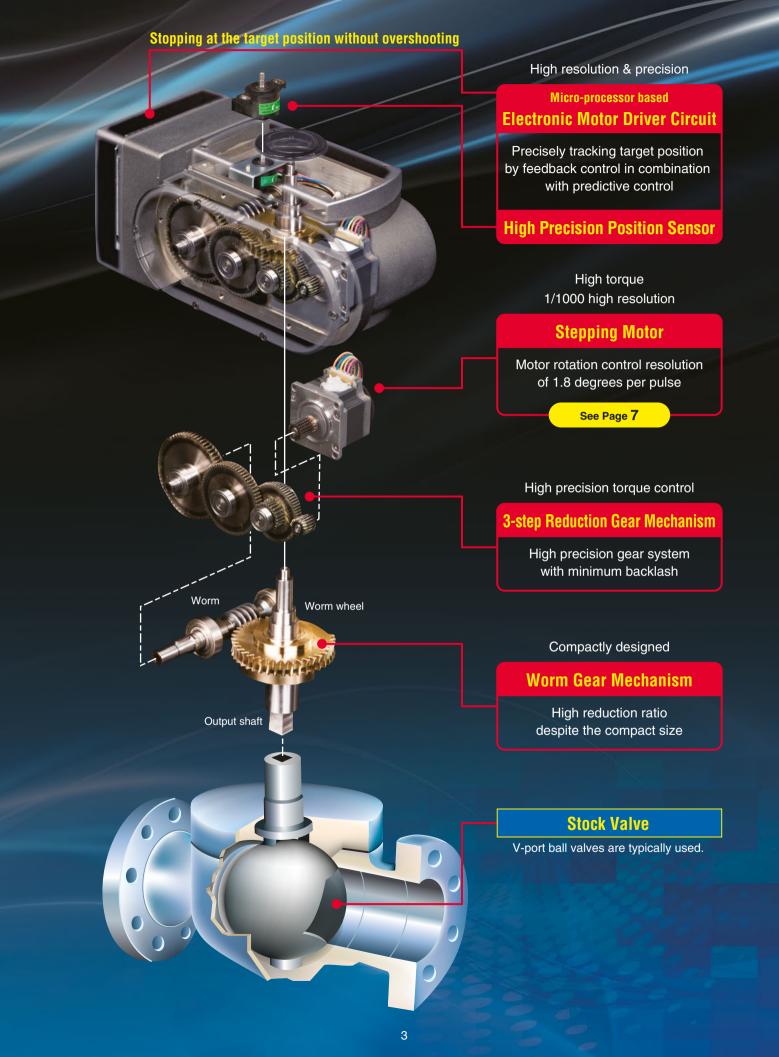
100 N⋅m Model: PRP-0

Maximum torque

200 N·m Model: PRP-1

Four reasons why the PRP is ideal for basis weight control

- Valve opening control in 1/1000 high resolution.
- Excellent repeatability and linearity of positioning.
- Opening/closing speed programmable in conjunction with the B/M control system (16 to 999 seconds per full span) to adapt with design speed changes of the paper machine.
- The actuator mass significantly reduced from conventional ones thanks to the high-torque design is convenient as replacement.



INSTALLATION EFFECTS

The following positive effects have been observed by introducing the PRP for a stock valve.

• Overall cost $\approx 1/3$

Calculation of the overall cost is based on an actual project in Japan, including the net cost of a replacement of the existing actuator, a control panel and installation fee.

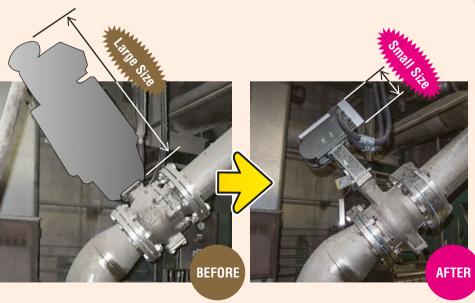
Consult us for detailed information.

2 Delivery leadtime $\approx 1/9$

Delivering a replacement of the existing actuator typically takes 9 months. 1 month will suffice for delivery of the PRP.

3 Weight (mass) $\approx 1/10$

Mass of the old actuator and the PRP is compared in the images below. (In this project, the valve was also replaced.)



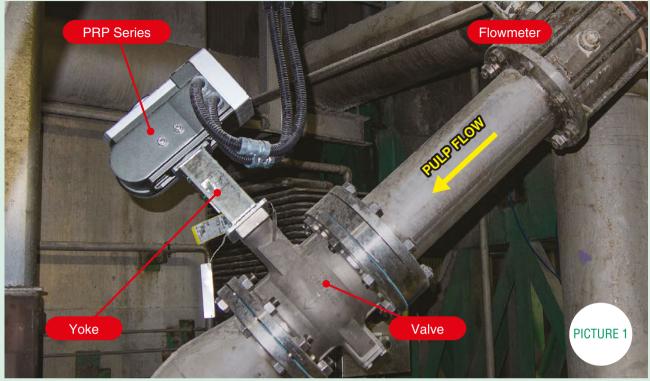




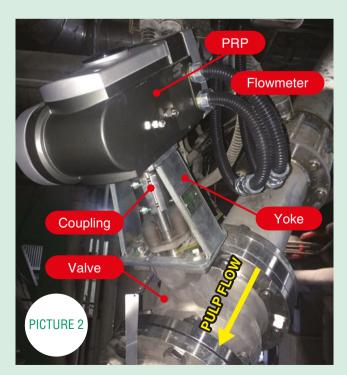


APPLICATION EXAMPLE

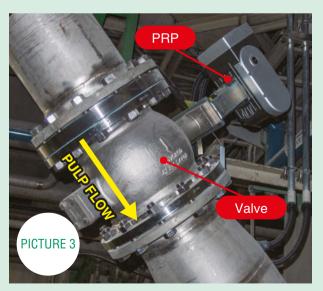
Multilayer Paperboard Machine



Electric Actuator PRP Series connected to the bottom-layer pulpstock valve in the multilayer paperboard machine, with an electromagnetic flowmeter measuring pulp flow.



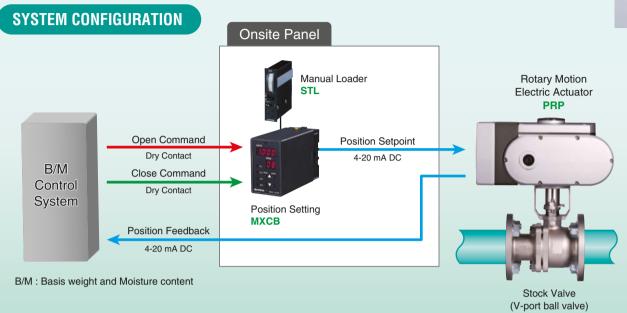
Closeup of Picture 1: PRP



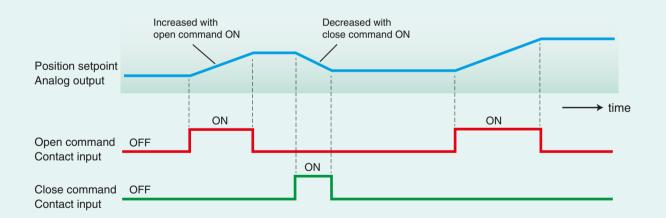
PRP connected to the top-layer pulpstock valve



PULPSTOCK CONTROL



RELATION BETWEEN POSITIONING COMMAND AND SETPOINT SIGNAL



The above diagram shows the control scheme of a stock valve operating system.

In the automatic operating mode, the B/M control system provides open and close contact command signals to the MXCB which increases/decreases the analog output signal proportionally to the ON time duration of the respective contact signals. They are provided from the manual loader STL in case of manual operating mode.

The analog output accuracy is approximately 0.1%. The **PRP** actuator is able to control the valve with 1/1000 resolution. The combination of these devices ensures the precise basis weight control.

The valve position signal is fed back to the B/M control system to quickly eliminate errors.

The travel time of an entire span (open from/to close) is programmable between 16 to 999 seconds depending upon the parameter combinations of the **PRP** and the MXCB.



STEPPING MOTOR

A stepping motor generates a torque ≈10 times higher than an induction motor does.

The stepping-motor-driven actuator, PRP Series, is most suitable for operating stock valves that require high resolution, good linearity and high torque control ability.

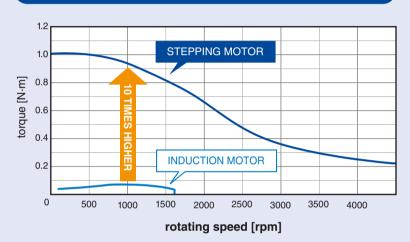
The PRP is significantly smaller compared to conventional actuators using induction motors.

MECHANISM

Stator Phase A Rotor Phase B Phase B Shaft Phase B

2-phase/8-pole motor

TORQUE COMPARISON TO AN INDUCTION MOTOR

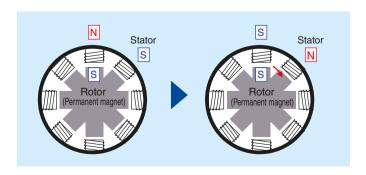


A stepping motor rotates by a constant angle per pulse.

A stepping motor, also called a pulse motor, is a motor that rotates in synchronization with a command pulse signal. The principle of rotation of a simplified 2-phase, 8-pole stepping motor model is shown in the figure below.

A stepping motor consists of a stator with windings and a rotor using a powerful neodymium magnet. Energizing the stator windings to generate a magnetic force is called excitation. By sequentially exciting the multiple stator windings based on the command pulse, the motor rotates stepwise, utilizing the action of attraction and repulsion between the magnetic poles of the stator and rotor.

The rotation angle of a stepping motor is always determined by the constant mechanical accuracy (motor structure and machining accuracy) for each command pulse signal. Therefore, a stepping motor performs highly accurate positioning control.



PRP SERIES SPECIFICATIONS

■ COMMON SPECIFICATIONS

Input signal : 4-20 mA DC or 1-5 V DC

Power input : 100-120 V AC (Not selectable

for CE)

200-240 V AC

Protection level: IP66
Wiring conduit: G 1/2 (two)

Motor: Stepping motorPosition detection: PotentiometerManual control: ProvidedPosition output: 4-20 mA DC

Operating temperature : -20 to +55°C (Standard type),

5 to 70°C (Lloyd's Register approved type)

Vibration

• Acceleration : 2 G (19.6 m/s²) (Standard type),

0.7G (6.9 m/s2) (Lloyd's Register approved type)

Standard Type	Model : PRP-0x	Model: PRP-1x
Lloyd's Register Approved (Environmental categories ENV3)	Model : PRP-0xx-x/LR IP66	Model: PRP-1xx-x/LR IP66
Operational Angle	90°	
Max. Torque	100 N⋅m	200 N⋅m
Operation Time (90°)	12 seconds (PRP-01) 24 seconds (PRP-03) 8.5 to 125 seconds (PRP-00)	16 seconds (PRP-11) 24 seconds (PRP-13) 16 to 125 seconds (PRP-10)
Weight	Approx. 10.8 kg (approx. 12.1 kg with failsafe function option)	
Resolution	1/200 (deadband set to 0.5 %), 1/1000 (deadband set to 0.1 %)	

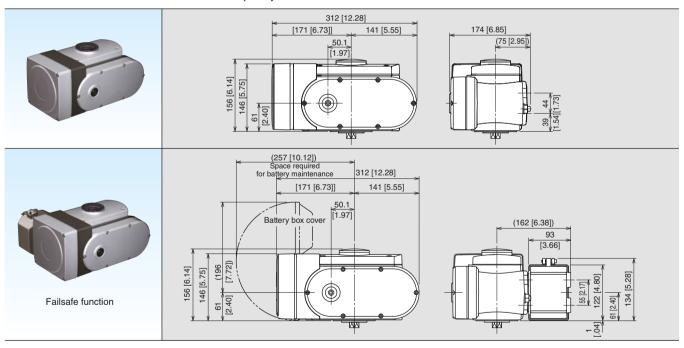
· Contact us for network capability.

PRP Series PRP-2

Maximum torque

600 N·m

EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS unit: mm (inch)







Website

Request Info

MG CO., LTD. (formerly M-System Co., Ltd.) www.mgco.jp Your local representative: