2024-01

■ ISOLATORS & SENSOR INPUTS

Product name	Model
Isolator	M5YV
Input Loop Powered Isolator	M5SN
Universal Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XU
Signal Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XV
Signal Transmitter	M5VS
Signal Transmitter (narrow span input)	M5MV
Signal Transmitter (high speed response)	M5VF
Signal Transmitter (high speed response 30 μsec.)	M5VF2
Signal Transmitter (high dielectric strength)	M5VSH
Voltage Divider	M5VV
Thermocouple Transmitter	M5TS
TC/RTD Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XTR
RTD Transmitter	M5RS
Potentiometer Transmitter	M5MS
Current Loop Supply	M5D
Current Loop Supply	M5DY
Current Loop Supply (applicable to HART signal, opencircuit detection selectable)	M5DYH2
Tachogenerator Transmitter	M5TG
AC Transmitter Scheduled release date: March 2024	M5AC

FREQUENCY I/O

Product name	Model
Pulse Isolator	M5PP
Pulse Isolator Under development	M5YPD
Frequency Transmitter	M5PA
Frequency Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XPA
Encoder Speed Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XRP
DC/Frequency Transmitter Scheduled release date: Sept. 2024	M5AP
Pulse Scaler Under development	M5PRU

DC ALARMS

	Model	
DC Alarm	Under development	M5AVS
DC Alarm	Under development	M5SED

FUNCTION MODULES

Product name	Model
Adder (PC programmable)	M5XADS
Subtractor (PC programmable)	M5XSBS
Multiplier (PC programmable)	M5XMLS
Divider (PC programmable)	M5XDIS
Ratio/Bias Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XREB
Ratio/Bias Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XRTS
Linearizer (PC programmable)	M5XF
Square Root Extractor (PC programmable)	M5XFLS
Inverted Output Transmitter (PC programmable)	M5XUDS
Ramp Buffer (PC programmable)	M5XCRS
Track/Hold (PC programmable)	M5XAMS
Peak Hold (PC programmable)	M5XPHS
High/Low Selector (PC programmable)	M5XSES
Parameter Generator (PC programmable)	M5XMST

■ POWER TRANSDUCERS

Product name	Model
Multi Power Transducer (PC programmable, self-powered)	M5XWTU
Multi Power Transducer (PC programmable, self-powered)	M5XWT
PT Transmitter (RMS sensing)	M5PT
CT Transmitter (RMS sensing)	M5CT
CT Transmitter (clamp-on current sensor)	М5СТС

- Universal power supply Supporting 100 to 240 V AC and 24 V DC
- Reliable 3-port isolation 3-port isolation between input, output, and power supply
- Loop test output

Simulated signals are output for operation testing without input signals. (PC programmable type only)

Specifications may vary depending on the model. For details, check the specification sheet.



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Your local representative:

Multi Power Transducer

which can be "held in one hand"

Power Monitoring of Existing Equipment

Pocket-sized, compact module can be squeezed into a tight space inside existing distribution boards

CO₂ emissions can be calculated! (energy conversion value)

Model: M50XWTU NEW (E

Multi Power Transducer

- Universally adaptable features including CE marking and three-phase/ 4-wire configuration
- Measured variables include AC voltage/ current, power, CO2 emissions (energy conversion value), harmonic distortion and more.
- Max. 4-circuit inputs for single-phase/ 2-wire system, max. 2-circuit inputs for single- or three-phase/3-wire system
- 480 V AC input

Clamp-on

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- Modbus communication
- Modbus plus 2-point energy count pulse outputs

See Page 5 for detailed information.



Model: M5XWTU

- 290 measured variables (three-phase/3-wire system)
- 240 V AC input
- You can choose one of the following output options: Modbus communication, analog output, or energy count pulse/alarm output

Model: M5XWT

- 104 measured variables except harmonic contents (three-phase/3-wire system)
- 240 V AC input
- Modbus communication



As calls for becoming carbon neutral increase, visualization of CO₂ emissions intensity has become essential.

Model M5XWTU, M5XWT and M50XWTU Multi **Power Transducers**, thanks to their compact package, can fit into a tight space of both new and existing panels or manufacturing equipment.

They realize easily a detailed energy consumption monitoring via Modbus communication.

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Installation

The low-profile modules can be installed side by side with circuit breakers.

The M5XWTU, M5XWT and M50XWTU Multi Power Transducers, featuring the 41 mm (1.61 in.) deep, terminal block style housing, are suitable for installation in a tight space of breaker boxes or wall-mounted panels. Compact modules can be squeezed into a minimum open space found in existing panels.

Multi Power Transducer can be retrofitted.



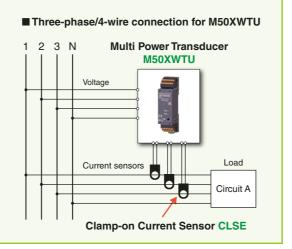


Current signals are measured by clamp-on sensors easily usable in existing equipment. -

The current inputs are connected in one touch by using **Clamp-on Current Sensors** (Model: **CLSE**), needing no live cable modification. Furthermore, the **M5XWTU** and **M5XWT** use the voltage input to drive their internal circuits, needing no auxiliary power supply connection.

Clamp-on Current Sensors can be retrofitted with no power line modification.

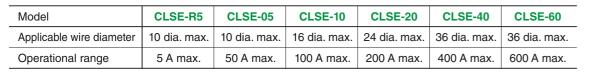




Clamp-on Current Sensor -

The one-touch clamp-type sensor, incorporating a nylon spring, can be easily installed on existing equipment, such as distribution boards.

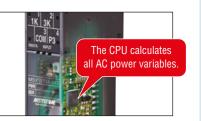




Settings and Connection

The built-in CPU calculates the AC power variables instantaneously.

The built-in CPU calculates instantaneously up to 290(*1) variables including momentary values such as current, voltage, power, average values, maximum and minimum values, total harmonic distortion, and the 2nd to 31st harmonic contents, before updating the measured data in the memory every 500 milliseconds (approximate cycle).

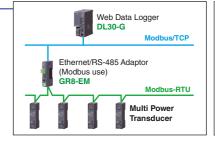


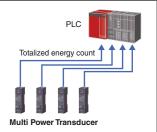
(*1) Applicable to M5XWTU, three-phase/3-wire system. 104 variables for M5XWT (three-phase/3-wire), excluding harmonic contents from those for M5XWTU.

Modbus communication -

Modbus communication, convenient for remote energy monitoring by PLC or data loggers, is selectable as standard. Monitoring points can be easily added by daisy-chain wiring of twisted-pair cables.

Other output options such as analog signal, energy count pulse and alarm contact^(*2) are also available for direct input to PLC/DCS.



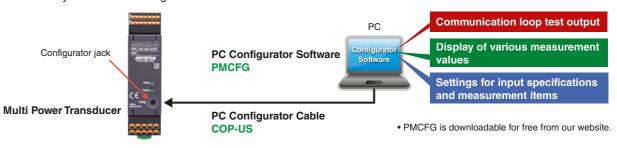


(*2) Options for M5XWTU. Modbus only for M5XWT. Modbus plus energy count pulse signals are available for M50XWTU.

Free setup software tool with convenient functions -

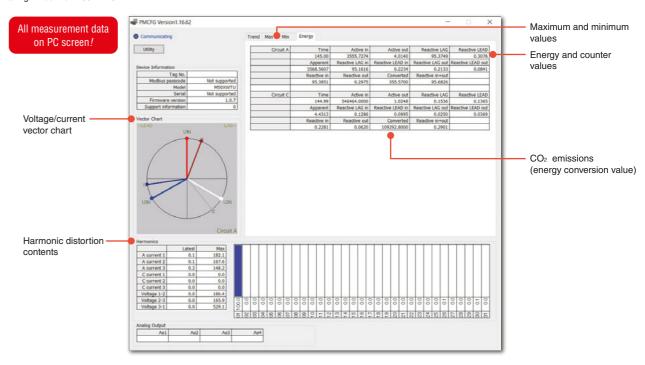
The PMCFG PC Configurator Software is used to set up various parameters of the Multi Power Transducer (Model: M5XWTU / M5XWTU / M50XWTU). It has a convenient monitoring window showing all measurement values in real time.

The loop test output mode, in which any output value can be simulated without actually connecting to active input circuits, is useful for system comissioning.



■ Monitoring window example (PC Configurator Model: PMCFG)

Monitoring window for M50XWTU

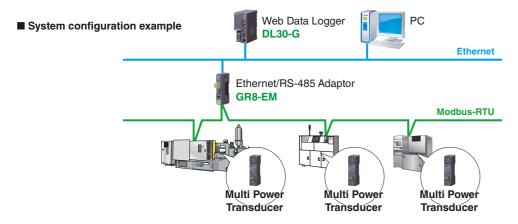


Applications

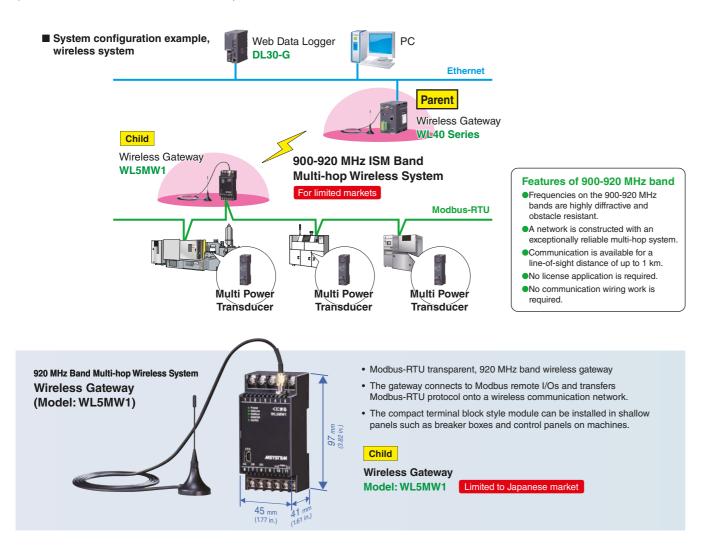
You can start a single- or multi-point power monitoring system with the Modbus. -

Precise power management is essential to achieving carbon neutrality. You can install the **Multi Power Transducers** (Model: **M5XWTU / M5XWTU / M50XWTU**) in a small space, even on existing equipment.

You can start with a small budget and gradually increase the number of measurement points, extending to overall management. For example, using **Web Data Logger** (Model: **DL30-G**) may be ideal as it enables Modbus communication at a reasonable cost.



The Wireless Gateway allows the wireless transmission of the Modbus communication of the Multi Power Transducers (Model: M5XWTU / M5XWTU / M50XWTU).



Multi Power Transducer with Universally Adaptable Features (Model: M50XWTU)

The widely used M5-UNIT Series Multi Power Transducer (Model: M5XWTU) has been upgraded to M50X-UNIT Series Multi Power Transducer (Model: M50XWTU) with more universally adaptable features such as CE marking and the three-phase/4-wire connection.

By employing tension-clamp terminal blocks with a greater number of field connections, the module can handle multiple system inputs at once.

FEATURES

- Three-phase/4-wire system input connection
- CO₂ emissions (energy conversion value) can be calculated.
- Max. 4-circuit inputs for single-phase/2-wire system, max. 2-circuit inputs for single- or three-phase/3-wire system by single module
- Max. 480 V AC direct input
- CE marking



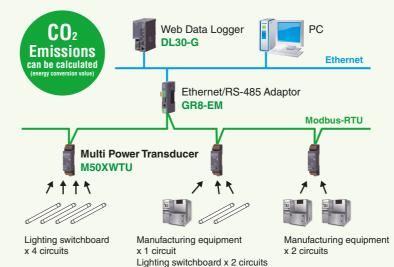
NEW

Multi Power Transducer Model: M50XWTU

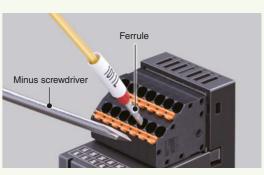
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- Two energy count pulse outputs
- Clamp-on current sensor input (5 to 600 A)
- Modbus communication
- Communication loop test output

■ System configuration example



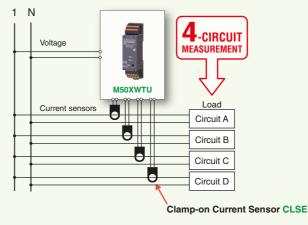
■ Tension-clamp terminal connection



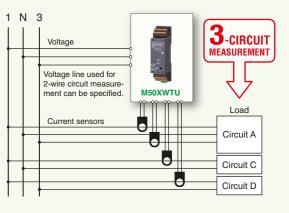
Wiring to the tension-clamp terminal block is quick and easy. Ferrules, solid or stranded wires of up to 1.5 mm² can be used.

■ Single M50XWTU module can measure up to 4 circuits! Space-saving and economical.

4 x single-phase/2-wire circuits



1 x single-phase/3-wire + 2 x single-phase 2-wire circuits



• Please see data sheet for more connection/application examples

5







Construction Connection Screw terminal Applicable wire size Housing material Solation	Multi Power Transducer (PC progress) M5XWT Single phase / 2-wire and 3- M3.5 screw terminals (Nickel-plated steel (standar) Current input or voltage input to analog. Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Active energy: Incoming / out Reactive energy: Incoming / out	wire, 3-phase / 3-wire torque 0.8 N·m)	Multi Power Transducer (PC progra M5XWT Single phase / 2-wire and 3-wire, 3- Terminal block M3.5 screw terminals (torque Nickel-plated steel (standard) or s	-phase / 3-wire 0.8 N·m)	Single phase / 2-wi	er Transducer (PC programmable) M50XWTU irre and 3-wire, 3-phase / 3-wire and 4-wire
Connection Screw terminal Applicable wire size Housing material solation	Single phase / 2-wire and 3- M3.5 screw terminals (Nickel-plated steel (standar Current input or voltage input to analog. Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Active energy: Incoming / out Reactive energy: Incoming / out	wire, 3-phase / 3-wire torque 0.8 N·m)	M5XWT Single phase / 2-wire and 3-wire, 3- Terminal block M3.5 screw terminals (torque	-phase / 3-wire 0.8 N·m)	Single phase / 2-wi	M50XWTU
Connection Screw terminal Applicable wire size Housing material solation	M3.5 screw terminals (Nickel-plated steel (standar Current input or voltage input to analog or Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Active energy: Incoming / out Current: R, S, T Reactive energy: Incoming / out	torque 0.8 N·m)	Terminal block M3.5 screw terminals (torque	0.8 N·m)		re and 3-wire, 3-phase / 3-wire and 4-wire
Connection Screw terminal Applicable wire size Housing material solation	M3.5 screw terminals (Nickel-plated steel (standar Current input or voltage input to analog or Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Active energy: Incoming / out Current: R, S, T Reactive energy: Incoming / out	torque 0.8 N·m)	Terminal block M3.5 screw terminals (torque	0.8 N·m)		ire and 3-wire, 3-phase / 3-wire and 4-wire
Connection Screw terminal Applicable wire size Housing material solation	Current input or voltage input to analog Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Current: R, S, T Reactive energy: Incoming / out	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	M3.5 screw terminals (torque			
Applicable wire size dousing material solation	Current input or voltage input to analog Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R	rd) or stainless steel				Tension clamp terminal
dousing material solation	Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Current: R, S, T Active energy: Incoming / out Reactive energy: Incoming / out			Nickel-plated steel (standard) or stainless steel		
solation	Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Current: R, S, T Active energy: Incoming / out Reactive energy: Incoming / out					wer, Modbus) 0.2 - 1.5 mm², stripped length 8 - 9 mm put, pulse output) 0.2 - 1.5 mm², stripped length 10 - 11 mm
	Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Current: R, S, T Active energy: Incoming / out Reactive energy: Incoming / out		Flame-resistant resin (bla	,		
Simplified measurement mode	Active power Reactive power Apparent power Apparent power Apower factor Frequency Average apparent power (demand) current: F	going Harmonic distortion outgoing / Overall distortion ratio, content rate tive) (2nd to 31st) Voltage: R-S, S-T, T-R Current: R, S, T nand) Max. and min. values mand)		Reactive energy: Incoming / outgoing / lag (inductive) / lead (capacitive) Apparent energy Average active power (demand) Average reactive power (demand) Average apparent power (demand) Average (demand) current: R, S, T Max. and min. values s with fixed voltage values and power factor.	Voltage: 1-N, 2-N, 3-N, 1-2, 2-3, 3-1 Act Current: 1, 2, 3, N Rea Active power Har Reactive power Ma:	o Modbus to pulse output 1 to pulese output 2 to power tive energy: Incoming / outgoing active energy: Incoming / outgoing / lag (inductive) / lead (capacitive) rmonic distortion: Overall distortion ratio, content rate (2nd to 31st) x. and min. values the emissions (energy conversion value)
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						
Standard						
Transmission distance			500 meters max.	00 10200 20400 bas (default 00400 bas)		
Baud rate Protocol			1200, 2400, 4800, 960 Modbus-RTU	00, 19200, 38400 pps (default: 38400 bps)		
Node address			1 to 247 (default: 1)			
Parity Stop bit			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	efault: odd)		
Max. number of nodes			, ,			
Transmission media				cable (CPEV-S 0.9 dia.)		
Communication indicator LED			110 Ω		Green LED tur	rns ON while Modbus communication
	Input range: 80 - 260 V AC (Phase voltage range is 80 - 13 Consumption VA: P1 - P2: ≤ 3 VA (power consumption of P2 - P3: voltage²/≤ 1.5MΩ VA Selectable primary voltage range: 50 - 400 000 V • Current Input CLSE-R5: 0 - 5 A AC CLSE-05: 0 - 50 A AC CLSE-10: 0 - 100 A AC CLSE-20: 0 - 200 A AC CLSE-40: 0 - 400 A AC CLSE-60: 0 - 600 A AC Input range: 0 - 120% of the rating Low-end cutout (current): 0 - 99.9% (default setting: 1%)	internal circuit)	Input range: 80 - 260 V AC (Phase voltage range is 80 - 130 V Consumption VA: P1 - P2: ≤ 3 VA (P2 - P3: voltage²/ Selectable primary voltage range: • Current Input CLSE-R5: 0 - 5 A AC CLSE-CLSE-10: 0 - 100 A AC CLSE-CLSE-40: 0 - 400 A AC Input range: 0 - 120% of the rating Low-end cutout (current): 0 - 99.9% Selectable primary current range:	power consumption of internal circuit) ≤ 1.5MΩ VA 50 – 400 000 V 05: 0 – 50 A AC 20: 0 – 200 A AC 50: 0 – 600 A AC 6 (default setting: 1%) 1 – 20 000 A	Single-phase/2-wire: rated voltage 240 V AC Single-phase/3-wire: phase voltage 240 V AC Three-phase/3-wire: line voltage 240 V AC (480 V AC when voltage to ground for each Three-phase/4-wire: phase voltage 277 V / Input range: 1-N, 2-N, 3-N: 50 to 277 V AC 1-2, 2-3, 3-1: 50 to 480 V AC Consumption VA: Voltage circuit ≤ ULN² / 25 Selectable primary voltage range: 50 − 400 • Current Input CLSE-R5: 0 − 5 A AC CLSE-05: 0 − 5C CLSE-10: 0 − 100 A AC CLSE-20: 0 − 2C CLSE-40: 0 − 400 A AC CLSE-60: 0 − 6C Input range: 0 − 120% of the rating Low-end cutout (current): 0 − 99.9% (default Selectable primary current range: 1 − 20 00 ■ Pulse output Outputs assignable to pulse: various energy Output type: Photo MOSFET relay Rated load: 30 V 200 mA AC/DC at peak ON resistance: 1 Ω max.	AC / line voltage 480 V AC line is ≤ 277 V) line voltage 480 V AC 50 kΩ / ph 0 000 V 0 A AC 00 A AC 00 A AC tt setting: 1%) 00 A (only with CLSE-R5, refer to the configurator settings)
Operating temperature Operating humidity Atmosphere Mounting		-20 to +65°C (-4 to +149°F) 30 to 90 %RH (non-condensing) No corrosive gas or heavy dust DIN rail		nsing)		
Veight Power consumption	80 g (2.8 oz)		80 g (2.8 oz)		AC: Max. 3 VA (100 - 240	70 g (2.5 oz) 0 V AC) / DC: ≤ 1.5 W (100 - 240 V DC) [universal]
	Voltage: ±0.5 % (*4) Current: ±0.5 % (*4) Power: ±0.5 % (*4) Power factor: ±1.5 % Frequency: ±0.5 Hz Energy: ±2 % Insulation resist put to analog input to analog	tt: ±0.0075 %/°C (0.004 %/°F) ≤ 500 msec. esponse time: ≤ 1.5 sec. (0 to 99%) ance: ≥ 100 MΩ with 500 V DC pth: 2000 V AC @ 1 minute (current input or voltage	Voltage: ±0.5 % (*4) Current: ±0.5 % (*4) Power: ±0.5 % (*4) Power factor: ±1.5 % Frequency: ±0.5 Hz Energy: ±2 %	Sampling time: ≤ 500 msec. Insulation resistance: ≥ 100 MΩ with 500 V DC	Accuracy (*3) Voltage: ±0.5 % (*6) Current: ±0.5 % (*6) Power: ±0.5 % (*6) Power factor: ±1.5 % Frequency: ±0.1 Hz Energy: ±2 %	Temp. coefficient: ±0.0075 %°C (0.004 %′°F) Sampling time: ≤ 500 msec. Insulation resistance: ≥ 100 MΩ with 500 V DC Dielectric strength: 2000 V AC @ 1 minute (current input or voltage input to Modbus to pulse output 1 to pulse output 2 to power)
O C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	ower indicator LED communication andard ansmission distance aud rate otocol ode address arity op bit ax. number of nodes ansmission media ternal terminating resistor communication indicator LED equency equency	Average (demand) current: Emplified measurement mode were indicator LED immunication andard anamission distance aud rate otocol ode address with the control of the contr	mplified measurement mode were indicator LED momentalisation in distance such rate to the configuration of the configuration of the configuration settings of the configuration setting of the c	Average (demand) current R, S, T Active energy incoming / outputs Geological proper from current values and control (active to the control output value) Average (demand) current R, S, T Active energy incoming / outputs Geological proper from current values Active to the control output values Average (demand) current R, S, T Active energy incoming / outputs Active ener	Accuracy (demand) current PL, S,T Active entergy (common plant) and activ	March print of the Part March print of t

(*3) Sensor error margin not included.

Add sensor error margin when using with the combination of the sensor.

(*4) An accuracy for rated input. The described accuracy levels are ensured at the input 1% or more for neutral current in a single-phase/3-wire circuit and phase-S current in a 3-phase/3-wire circuit.

(*5) Output accuracy for the setting value span is shown as following formula.

Output accuracy = (output range ÷ output setting value span) × 0.02%

For current output: Output accuracy = (output range ÷ output setting value span) × 0.04%

[Ex1] DC current output 4 - 20 mA: Output accuracy = (20 mA ÷ 16A) × 0.04% = 0.05%

Input accuracy and sensor error are added to total accuracy.

(*6) An accuracy for rated input. The described accuracy levels are ensured at the input 1% or more for neutral current in a single-phase/3-wire circuit, phase-2 current in a 3-phase/3-wire circuit and phase-N current in a 3-phase/4-wire circuit.

6